The *MARYLAND* GAZETTE.

[XVIII*th* Year.] THURSDAY, *December* 30, 1762. [N°. 921.]

HAGUE, October 1.

LETTERS from the Army of the 25th past, bring an Account of a very obſtinate and bloody Affair, which happened on the 21ſt, between the Corps under the Marquis of Granby, and Gen. Zaſtrow, poſted at the Brucker-Muhl upon the Ohme, near Amonebourg, and a Part of the French Army. The French Generals de Caſtries, and Sarsfeldt, are ſaid to have been dangerouſly Wounded therein; but we have as yet no other Particulars of their Loſs.

The following is the moſt exact Account that we have hitherto received of that Action.

The Enemy having on the 19th of laſt Month conſiderably reinforced their Right by marching the whole Corps de reſerve towards Deckenbach, and poſting the greateſt Part of their Army between Hotzhauſen and Bauerbach, Gen. Wangenheim had taken Poſſeſſion of the Heights of Dannerode, with Ahlefeldt's, and Goldacker's Brigades, 8 Squadrons of Hanoverians, and 7 Battalions of the ſame Troops which had compoſed the Corps under the Hereditary Prince; four Squadrons of General Bock's Corps, and the Carabineers, occupied the Heights of Rodeken; Beckwith's Brigade, thoſe of the Engliſh Guards and of Malſburg, the Heights of Langenſtein; and General Wiſſenbach that of Staugenbach. The Reſt of the Army remained in its former Poſition, from Bodenhauſen to Bettgeſdorff, whilſt the Corps under Luckner, Conway, and Gilſae, lay between Watzebach and Wettern.

In the Night between the 20th and 21ſt, the Enemy reſolved to get Poſſeſſion of Amonebourg, which was defended by one Battalion of Cruſe, and 200 Commande's. With this View they raiſed ſeveral Batteries, and took Poſſeſſion, in the Night, of the Brucker-Muhl, where they raiſed a ſmall Breaſtwork, and a Kind of Trench, to ſecure the Entrance.

A Redoubt on this Side of the River, and juſt oppoſite the Bridge, was defended by 100 Men, whom they attacked in the Morning, but without being able to carry it. They planted at the ſame Time ſome Cannon, at the Foot of the Hill of Amonebourg, about 200 Paces from the Bridge, in order to bear on the Redoubt. It appeared, that their Intention at firſt, in taking Poſſeſſion of the Mill, was only to cut off our Communication with Amonebourg; but the Fog, with the Fire of their Cannon, giving it the Appearance of a Deſign of more Conſequence, we brought up ſeveral Pieces of Artillery. Lord Granby's whole Corps moved that Way: Gen. Wiſſenbach marched to Kirchayn, and 8 Battalions, and 4 Squadrons, into the Wood of Stautzenberg. In Proportion as the Number of our Cannon increaſed, that of the Enemy did ſo likewiſe, till they had brought up 20 Pieces of heavy Artillery. On our Side all the Heſſian, and Buckeburg, and half of the Hanoverian Artillery, was placed upon the Height of Brucker-Muhl; and from Break of Day till dark Night, a moſt terrible firing continued without Intermiſſion. We maintained the Redoubt, and the Enemy the Mill*. Hiſtory, I believe, can ſcarce furniſh an Inſtance of ſo obſtinate a Diſpute; in which the Loſs on either Side may eaſily be conceived to be conſiderable. The Troops in the Redoubt were conſtantly relieved, after having fired 60 Charges; and towards the cloſe of the Day, 17 complete Battalions had been employed on that Service. The Redoubt was expoſed to the Fire of the Enemy's Artillery, at the Diſtance of about 300 Paces; and to that of all their Small Arms, within 30 Paces diſtance; beſides that the Troops, coming and going, were obliged to March near 400 Paces, expoſed to the Enemy's Cannon, loaded with Grape Shot. The Enemy's Situation was nearly the ſame, excepting that the Mill afforded them rather more Shelter. This, in general, is the whole Affair. The oldeſt Soldiers ſay, they never ſaw ſo ſevere a Cannonade; ſince, though there were near 50 Pieces of Cannon employed, their Execution was confined to the Space of 400 Paces; and not only the Fire of the Artillery, but the Muſquetry too of the two oppoſite Poſts, was not intermitted a ſingle Inſtant, for near 15 Hours. Towards the Concluſion of the Affair, the Number of the Killed and Wounded, at the Entrance of, and in the Redoubt, on our Side, ſeemed to exceed 500; ſo that the Troops, which came there late in the Day, made uſe of the dead Bodies to raiſe the Parapet a little, which was almoſt levelled; and within a ſmall Compaſs, 1700 of the Enemy's Cannon Balls have been ſince taken up.

** This is a freſh Confirmation of Marſhal Saxe's Remark, That the French never ſtand their Ground but when they are covered by ſome Poſt.*

While the Enemy were attacking the Redoubt, they played likewiſe ſome Batteries on Amonebourg, and aſſaulted it three Times, but without Succeſs. On the 22d every Thing was quiet, and the Works on both ſides were repaired without the leaſt Moleſtation. We raiſed a conſiderable Work on the Height, exactly over againſt the Stone Gallows.

The Entrance of Kirchayn is fortified in the ſame Manner; and Lord Granby's whole Corps is between the Kleine and Schweinſberg: General Wiſſenbach is on the Height of Kirchayn; and the main Body between Stautzenberg and Schonſtadt.

After a Fire from the Enemy, which laſted all Night, and by which they had made a practicable Breach, the Garriſon of Amonebourg ſurrendered Priſoners. In Conſequence of which, on the 23d, the Enemy puſhed forward the Right of their Camp, and poſted a Body between Amonebourg and Kleinſeelheim.

Breſlau, Sept. 28. Deſerters, who came in laſt Night, affirm, that it was intended to attack our Left this Morning; and the Story was ſo probable, that the Duke ordered three Battalions from the Right to reinforce our Left, and his Serene Highneſs went at Day-break to Neider-Uſſleiden; but finding every Thing quiet, he returned hither, and ordered the three Battalions, which we met on their March, and who had left their Tents ſtanding, to return to their former Poſition.

LONDON.

St. James's, October 1. This Day the following Addreſs was preſented to his Majeſty, and read by Dr. Fothergill, accompanied by a Deputation from the People called Quakers, introduced by the Lord of his Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in waiting.

To GEORGE the Third, King of Great-Britain, and the Dominions thereunto belonging.

The humble ADDRESS of his Proteſtant Subjects, the People called QUAKERS.

May it pleaſe the KING,

THE Satisfaction we feel in every Event that adds to the Happineſs of our Sovereign, prompts us to requeſt Admittance to the Throne, on the preſent intereſting Occaſion.

The Birth of a Prince, the Safety of the Queen, and thy own Domeſtic Felicity increaſed, call for our Thankfulneſs to the ſupreme Diſpenſer of every Bleſſing; and to the King our dutiful and unfeigned Congratulations.

In the Prince of Wales we behold another Pledge of the Security of thoſe ineſtimable Privileges, which we have enjoyed under the Monarchs of thy illuſtrious Houſe: Kings, diſtinguiſhed by their Juſtice, their Clemency, and Regard to the Proſperity of their People: A happy Preſage, that under their Deſcendants, our civil and religious Liberties will devolve, in their full Extent, to ſucceeding Generations.

Long may the Divine Providence preſerve a Life of ſo great Importance to his Royal Parents, to theſe Kingdoms, and to Poſterity; that, formed to Piety and Virtue, he may live beloved of God and Man, and fill at length the Britiſh Throne with a Luſtre not inferior to his Predeceſſors.

Signed on Behalf of the ſaid People in London, the 13th of the Ninth Month, 1762.

To which ADDRESS his MAJESTY was pleaſed to return the following moſt gracious ANSWER.

I TAKE very kindly this freſh Inſtance of your Duty and Affection, and your Congratulations on an Event ſo intereſting to me and my Family. You may always rely on my Protection.

St. JOHN'S, *in* ANTIGUA, *Nov.* 24.

Whether the French Inhabitants of the conquered Iſlands are concerned or not in the Privateers, under Spaniſh Commiſſions, which have ſo much infeſted thoſe Iſlands, yet it is certain ſuch Privateers have been too much countenanced there. They have been hove down, refitted, and found every Aſſiſtance they ſtood in Need of; and have ſeveral Times cut Engliſh Veſſels from the Out-bays, under ſuch Circumſtances as would hardly have been ventured upon, without good Correſpondence with the People on Shore. Theſe Proceedings have at laſt been followed at Martinico by ſuch an Event as might have been expected. A Number of the moſt abandoned Negroes have been ſpirited up to take Arms, headed (as it is ſaid) by Privateers Men. As, in the Beginning of Inſurrections, it can never be known who are Enemies, the Governor took every Precaution, and even the Engliſh Merchants were obliged to keep Guard. The Admiral, and ſome of the cruiſing Ships, have moved that Way; and we have now nothing to apprehend but the Trouble of puniſhing the Delinquents.

On Sunday laſt his Majeſty's Brig Virgin, William Rodney Bloyd, Eſq; Commander, brought in a Schooner under Daniſh Colours, which loaded at Cape Francois, with Sugars, Coffee, &c. and was bound to St. Euſtatius. The Virgin ſailed from hence on the 13th ult. in Queſt of two Spaniſh Privateer Sloops, which hove down at St. Bartholomew's: but they had ſailed before ſhe arrived there. Captain Bloyd was informed that they were both taken, ſoon after they ſailed, by Capt. Laſory, of the Levant; and a little to the Northward of St. Euſtatius the Virgin ſaw the Levant, with two Sloops in Company, which is believed to be the above mentioned Privateers; one of which mounted 8, and the other 6 Guns.

By a Gentleman arrived here, on Sunday laſt, from Guadaloupe, we are informed, That that Iſland is ſo infeſted with Privateers, that there is no going to or from it, without the greateſt Danger of being taken; the Privateers anchoring in the Bays round the Iſland, in Security. A ſmall Schooner (a Spaniſh Privateer) called the Mary Ann, and well known to that Iſland, ſailed ſo near the Shipping in the Road of Baſſeterre laſt Friday, that ſhe was fired at from Fort Royal; ſhe had her Spaniſh Colours out, and rowed with 18 Oars.

BOSTON, *December* 6.

On Monday Evening laſt departed this Life, after a ſlow and hectic Diſorder, having juſt entered the 61ſt Year of his Age, Mr. JOHN DRAPER, Printer to his Excellency the Governor, and the Honourable his Majeſty's Council of this Province; and who for a great Number of Years was Publiſher of The Boſton News-Letter. By his Induſtry, Fidelity, and Prudence in his Buſineſs, he rendered himſelf very agreeable to the Public.—His Charity and Benevolence; his pleaſant and ſociable Turn of Mind; his tender Affection as a Huſband and Parent; his Piety and Devotion to his MAKER, has made his Death as ſenſibly felt by his Friends and Relations, as his Life is worthy Imitation.——His Remains were decently interred laſt Friday Afternoon.

December 13. By a Veſſel from Liſbon, arrived at Marblehead, we have Advices from thence to the Middle of October laſt, which are to the following Purport, that their Affairs wear a bad Aſpect; that the Spaniards had forced the Paſſes through the Mountains, which the Portugueſe had undertaken to defend, and where they thought to have ſtopt the Spaniards; that they had advanced, with their Army, to within 80 Miles of the City of Liſbon, on the River; that the Portugueſe were very fearful of the Conſequences, unleſs a ſpeedy Peace ſhould take Place; and that they every Moment looked for a Packet from England, which they expected would bring them the agreeable News of a Peace, or a Ceſſation of Arms; and if neither, they dreaded the Effects of the Progreſs making by the Spaniards.——

NEW-PORT (in Rhode-Iſland) December 13.

Laſt Friday Morning the Privateer Diana, commanded by Capt. Job Eaſton, returned from a Cruize of about 7 Months; during which he has, partly in Company with other Privateers, and partly by himſelf, made 14 Captures, one of which was a Spaniſh Privateer from St. Jago de Cuba, with 4 Carriage and 8 Swivel Guns, and 46 Men.

NEW-YORK, *November* 13.

Extract of a Letter from an Officer at the Havannah.

"So many whizzing Meſſengers of Deſtruction have terrified my Ears in ſome of our Attacks, that the greateſt Uſurer you have, had he known the Danger I ſtood in, would have been unwilling to have given ſix Hours Purchaſe for my Life in an Annuity. When (at laſt) the Spaniards were ſo terribly troubled with the Falling Sickneſs, that not one Man in five was able to keep on his Legs four Minutes at our advancing, Death, like an ill-natured Fellow, having made the Ground ſo ſlippery; and Providence afforded us nothing but the Scent of Sweat, Blood, and Gun-powder to refreſh our Noſtrils with. In ſo dangerous a Situation, it was very ſurpriſing to obſerve the Courage of our brave Fellows in this hot Work; for in every Attempt, though never ſo difficult, their Reſolution and Bravery ſtill procured them Succeſs. I was very much ſurpriſed at the Hardineſs of one Fellow in the 72d Regiment, who was very near Col. K——, and had his left Arm taken off by a Cannon Ball from the Moro Caſtle, upon which he muttered out theſe Words: "What an unfortunate Son of a Whore was I, to put my Tobacco-Box in my left Pocket, that now I cannot come at it eaſily with my Right-hand, to refreſh myſelf with a Chew."

December 20. *We learn by Letters from Montreal, that the Right Hon. the Lords Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Treaſury, having given Directions to the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, for the eſtabliſhing a Cuſtom-Houſe in that City: A Cuſtom-Houſe is accordingly eſtabliſhed there, where all Veſſels bound to that Port are to unload, and pay Duty for the future, inſtead of unloading at Quebec. Thomas Lamb, Eſq; is appointed to preſide over the Cuſtoms at Montreal, and Mr. Richard Oakes, to be Waiter and Searcher.—Veſſels from 150 to 200 Tons, may go up to Montreal with Safety. Capt. Dean, in one of his Majeſty's Ships of War, with the Troops from Quebec on board their Tranſports, went up there the Year Canada ſurrendered to his Majeſty's Arms.*

Extract of a Letter from a Perſon of Diſtinction at Montreal, dated October 23, 1762.

"*The 9th Inſtant I arrived here; I judge you won't take it amiſs if I endeavour to inform you of the great Plenty this Country abounds in at this Time, which will differ greatly from the enormous Ideas we formed of it while in Poſſeſſion of our Enemies.*

"*Wheat is ſold at this Place for* 3s. *New-York Currency per Buſhel, Oats at* 1s. *Indian Corn at* 2s. *Hay from* 24s. *to* 30s. *per Ton; a good Turkey at* 2s. *Geeſe, Fowls, Mutton, Beef, &c. in the like Proportion; in ſhort, there are but few Species of Proviſions or Merchandize but what are cheaper at this Place than elſewhere in America, ſo that the Soldier in this Country may eat, drink, and enjoy the Fruit of his Labour; we are generally in perfect Health, and ſuffer for nothing ſo much as the want of Employment.*

"*The Inhabitants are extremely happy with the Conſtitution of their Government, and would be genteally ſatisfied if the Country ſhould upon a Peace be ceded to the Crown of Great-Britain, which I hope will be the Caſe in a very ſhort Time.*"

The Betſy, Hutton, a Tranſport, belonging to Philadelphia, was the Ship we mentioned in our laſt to have been caſt away on the South Side of Long-Iſland.

PHILADELPHIA, *December* 23.

By Capt. Foſter, in a ſhort Paſſage from Madeira, we have Advice, that ſome of the Tranſports, with Spaniſh Troops on board, from the Havannah, had arrived at Cadiz, and carried the firſt Advice of the Reduction of that Place: That the Spaniſh Army, in Portugal, had gone into Winter Quarters, having ſuffered greatly by Sickneſs, &c. but that it was feared, if the War continued, they would overrun the whole Country, it being impoſſible, it is ſaid, to make the Portugueſe face the Enemy: And that a Number of Light Horſe were arrived in Portugal from England, which made the Number lately ſent from that Quarter about Seven Hundred.—Captain Foſter, on the Sixth of November, ſpoke with a Veſſel from Liverpool for the African Coaſt, which had then been out twelve Days, and no Peace in England when ſhe ſailed; but he heard nothing of our Ambaſſador being recalled from France.

From New-Providence we have Advice, that their Privateers were largely concerned in the taking of the French Fleet lately from the Cape, tho' it was thought their Share would be but ſmall, as ſo many Men of War happened to come up with them; but that they had ſent in a Brig and Snow that belonged to that Fleet; and had taken a large Ship, mounting 26 Guns, from Old France for the Cape, richly laden with Wines, &c.

The Ship lately mentioned to be taken by the Britannia Privateer, Capt. Robeſon, of this Port, and carried to Barbados, was a French Veſſel, of Twelve Six-pounders, and 30 Men, bound to Cayenne from Rochelle with Soldiers, and naval Stores, which had been accordingly put aſhore there, and ſhe was proceeding to the Cape.—The Frenchman engaged Capt. Robeſon for ſome Time in the Night, killed two of his Men, and loſt four of his own. The Cargo on board the Ship reckoned worth about 1000l. Sterling.

The NEW ORGAN, which is putting up in ST. PAUL'S CHURCH in this City, will be in ſuch Forwardneſs as to be uſed in Divine Service on CHRISTMAS DAY: It is of a new Conſtruction, and made by Mr. PHILIP FYRING, Muſical Inſtrument-maker, in this City, who may, with Juſtice, be ſaid to be the beſt Hand at that ingenious Buſineſs on the Continent.

ANNAPOLIS, *December* 30.

This Day a Special Court is sitting here, for the Trial of the Negro Man committed on Suspicion of Burning Mr. *Marriot*'s Barn.

TO BE LET,

A VERY convenient STUDY, suitable for a Lawyer, or any Person studying the Arts and Sciences, adjoining the Store that the Subscriber keeps; there is one Room below, with a good Fire Place and Closets, and a very good Lodging-Room up Stairs.

The Subscriber has a new SAILING BOAT to Sell, well fitted with new Sails and Rigging, and Sails as fast as most Boats.

WILLIAM ROBERTS.

THE Subscriber having removed from *Prince George*'s County, to *Hagerty's Hard Venture*, at the Head of *Severn*, in *Anne-Arundel* County, where Mr. *William Thornton* lately dwelt, gives this Public Notice, that he carries on the Taylor's Business, where Gentlemen and others may depend on being used in the best Manner by

JOHN HAGERTY.

N. B. Also at the same Place, good Entertainment for Travellers by EDWARD DOGAN.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living in *Annapolis*, on the 28th of this Instant, a Convict Servant Man, named *Richard Stevens*, a *Prussian* Born, and Taylor by Trade, Speaks broken *English*, and very quick. He is about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, naturally of a pale Complexion, but when he ran away, his Face was much bruised, and had black Eyes, occasioned by Fighting. He carried with him sundry very good Clothes, *viz.* a very good brown Broadcloth Coat and Waistcoat, trimmed with the same Colour, a violet blue Suit of Cloth, with divers other Things too tedious to mention.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and secures him so that his Master may have him again, shall have TEN POUNDS Reward, paid by

JOHN DUCKER.

THERE is in the Possession of *Thomas Mobberly*, junior, at *Elk-Ridge*, taken up as a Stray, a Sorrel Mare, about 12 Hands high, paces naturally, a Star in her Forehead, branded on the near Shoulder thus X.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Robert Lee*, living near the *White Grounds*, on *Seneca*, in *Frederick* County, two Stray Cows, *viz.* one red, marked with a Crop in both Ears, and an Under-Bit in the Right.

The other a Brindle and White, marked with a Swallow Fork, and an Under-Bit in the Left Ear.

The Owner or Owners may have them again, on proving their Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Richard Shipley*, living near the Head of *Severn* River, in *Anne-Arundel* County, taken up as a Stray, a Black Horse, about 12 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock with the Letter W.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Schooner Peggy, *Captain* William Grymes, *from* Savannah *in* Georgia, *to be SOLD by the Subscribers, at their Stores in* Queen's-Town, Oxford, *and at* Talbot *Court-House, by Wholesale or Retail, for Ready Money, Tobacco, or short Credit,*

GREAT Variety of *EUROPEAN* and *INDIA* GOODS.

ANTHONY M'CULLOCH.
JOHN GLASSELL.
EBENEZER MACKIE.

SAMUEL ROUNDELL, being determined to go for *London*, early the next Spring, desires all Persons who have any Claims on him, to bring in their Accounts, that they may be paid; and all Persons who are indebted to him, are requested immediately to settle their Accounts, or they may expect Trouble.

PIGG-IRON, to be SOLD by BUCHANAN & HUGHES in *Baltimore-Town*.

December 23, 1762.

MR. SAMUEL GALLOWAY has ordered a Vessel of his, to call at *Madeira*, for Freight to this Province. Letters lodged with the Printers in 10 Days, will be carefully delivered in *Madeira*.

To be SOLD to the HIGHEST BIDDER, at the House of Mr. John Scott, *in* Upper-Marlborough, *on Tuesday the First Day of* February *next, at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, for Sterling*, Maryland *Currency, or Bills of Exchange*,

A CHOICE Tract of LAND, whereon are good and valuable Improvements, called *Greenland*, containing One Hundred Eighty-four Acres and an Half, where Mr. *Richard Keene*, formerly lived, and produces as Fine Tobacco as any made in the Province. The Title is indisputable. FRANCIS HANCE.

N. B. There is a CHOICE Piece of Meadow-Land, and more, with very little Trouble, may be made. Likewise Two Additions, containing Seventy Acres, called *Keene's Additions to Greenland*. FRANCIS HANCE.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC VENDUE, on Friday the Seventh of January *next, pursuant to an Act, made and passed at the late Session of Assembly of this Province*,

A LOT of GROUND, N°. 102, situate on the North-East Part of the City of *Annapolis*, with the Three DWELLING-HOUSES thereon. The Sale to be on the Premisses, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon.

At the same Time will be Sold, Sundry Houshold Furniture.

WILLIAM CLAJON,
MARY CLAJON, Administratrix.

THIS is to give NOTICE, that the Subscriber has left the Place where he lived by *Port-Tobacco*, in *Charles* County, and now lives Five Miles from *Upper-Marlborough*, on the Road to *Nottingham*, by the Rev. Mr. *Eversfield*'s Chappel, where Gentlemen that please to favour him with their Custom, in Repairing their Clocks and Watches, may depend on having them well done, and as reasonable as possible, by

Their Humble Servant,
WILLIAM THOMPSON.

December 6, 1762.

ON the Third Day of *January* next, there will be a Vacancy for a Master, at *Charles* County-School; any Gentleman that can come well recommended, will meet with Encouragement by applying to the Visitors of the said School.

Signed per *Order*,
WILLIAM HANSON, *Register*.

Annapolis, December 13, 1762.

IT having been represented to his Excellency the Governor, That the Store House of Mr. *Ralph Forster*, at *Indian-Landing*, was broke open in the Night of the Fifth or Sixth Instant, and sundry Goods Stolen from thence, His Excellency, for the Discovery thereof, and bringing to Justice, the Persons who committed the said Robbery, doth Promise his Lordship's Pardon to any one of them, who shall discover his, or her Accomplice or Accomplices in the said Fact, so that he, she, or they, may be apprehended, and convicted thereof. *Signed* per *Order*,

J. ROSS, Cl. Con.

TEN PISTOLES Reward.

WHEREAS the Subscriber's Store at *Indian-Landing*, was broke open in the Night of the 5th or 6th Instant, and robbed of several Things of Value; This is to give Notice, that whoever will discover the Person or Persons concerned in committing the said Robbery, shall be entitled to the above Reward, to be paid on the Conviction of one or more of the Offenders.

RALPH FORSTER.

Annapolis, December 9, 1762.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, for Cash, or Bills of Exchange,

A QUANTITY of TOBACCO, Sixty Hogsheads of which are at one Warehouse, and the Rest contiguous. HENRY WARD.

A Very good and sweet toned Harpsichord, with Three Stops, to be SOLD. Enquire at Mr. *Woodward's* in *Annapolis*.

To be SOLD for good LONDON *BILLS of EXCHANGE, or ready Current Money*,

AN Indisputable TITLE to a very Valuable LOT of GROUND, situate and being on *Prince-George's-Street*, in a very convenient Part of the City of ANNAPOLIS, opposite the Ship-Carpenter's Wharf, containing in Breadth on the said Street, Fifty-seven and a Half Feet, and extended backward One Hundred and Ninety-eight Feet, with a very commodious Dwelling-House thereon, and several convenient Out-Houses; the whole in good Repair.

The Terms of Sale may be known by applying to the Subscriber on the Premisses.

THOMAS HODGKIN.

STRAYED or taken out of Mrs. *Orrick*'s Stable in *Baltimore*, on Wednesday the 15th Instant, a dark bay Mare, nigh 14 Hands high, a long bob Tail, shod before, trots, paces, and gallops lively.

Whoever returns her to Mrs. *Orrick*, or the Subscriber, in *Alexandria*, shall have THREE DOLLARS Reward, from

JOHN KIRKPATRICK.

STRAYED or Stolen, the 27th of *October*, from Mr. *Ignatius Sims*'s, in *Port-Tobacco*, *Charles* County, a dark grey Horse, 6 Years old, 14 Hands high, he paces naturally, a short bob Tail, his Mane cut close off.

Whoever takes up the said Horse, and will bring him to Mr. *Ignatius Sims* at *Port-Tobacco*, or to the Subscriber in *St. Mary's* County, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward for their Trouble.

EDWARD DIGGES.

Prince-George's, *December* 15, 1762.

WE hereby give NOTICE to, and request all Persons who have any Demands against *Nathan Smith*, late of *Prince-George's* County, Deceased, to bring in their Claims to us the Subscribers, in Two Months from the Date hereof, that we may be enabled to Satisfy such Creditors as are legally entitled to receive their Debts; we are afraid there will be more Bonds than there is Estate to pay, and we want to finish the Estate.

MARGARET SMITH,
JAMES SMITH.

Cambridge, *December* 6, 1762.

COMMITTED to the Custody of the Sheriff of *Dorchester* County, *John Dayly*, advertised as a Deserter from the *Virginia* Regiment, and in the Company of Captain *John Posey*. This is to acquaint Captain *Posey*, that he is desired to send for him and pay the Reward for apprehending of him, and the Prison Fees.

ROBERT GOLDSBOROUGH, *Sheriff*.

Frederick County, *Dec.* 7, 1762.

THE Subscriber intending for *England* shortly, is therefore obliged to discontinue, for some Time, keeping Store at *George-Town*, and hereby gives Notice to all Persons indebted, to come and settle their Accounts with him, as soon as possible. What Goods he at present has on Hand will be disposed of all together, or in Parcels, on very reasonable Terms.

RICHARD THOMPSON.

Annapolis, November 10, 1762.

WHEREAS several of the Officers and Men who composed the *Maryland* Troops, did not in *July* last (when Lieutenant Colonel *Dagworthy*, and Dr. *David Ross* attended at *Annapolis* and *Queen's-Town*, to pay away the Money, which in Pursuance of a Warrant from his Excellency Sir *Jeffery Amherst*, had been advanced to Lieut. Colonel *Dagworthy* for that Purpose) either personally appear, or by others apply for the Arrears of Pay due to them respectively; Notice is hereby given, that Lieutenant Colonel *Dagworthy* and *David Ross* will attend again at *Annapolis*, the Third Monday in *February* next, in order to settle Accounts with, and pay the Arrears due to such Persons as shall then apply to them, or send proper Powers to settle and receive what may be due to them respectively: And those who cannot attend themselves, are desired to have the Powers they give to others, to receive what may be due to them, regularly attested, and it is expected that those who shall apply for what is due to the Estates of such as are dead, will previously take out Letters of Administration in the Counties where it is most convenient for them to give Security.

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